

CE (VC) Junior & Infants School

# Year 1/2 Writing Genre Overview

	Cycle 1 Writing Ge	enres Overview – Year 1/2
Term	Quality Texts	Genres Taught
Autumn 1 Topic: Healthy Humans	Funnybones	Narrative - Familiar settings
		Instructions — Recipe
Autumn 2 Topic: Let's Celebrate	The Elves and the Shoemaker	Report – Science (Animals and habitats)
		Narrative - Traditional Tales
Spring 1 Topic: Wonderful Weather	Snow	Narrative - Adventure
		Poetry – Tongue Twisters
Spring 2 Topic: Regal Royals	The Queen's Knickers	Invitation to persuade
		Diary entry
Summer 1 Topic: A Bug's Life	The Lonely Beast	Narrative - Humorous
		Recount – (the journey of the beast)
Summer 2 Topic: A Bug's Life	The Big Book of Bugs	Fact file — to inform
		Explanation — life cycle

	Cycle 2 Writing Genres Overview – Year 1/2		
Term	Quality Text2	Genres Taught	
Autumn 1 Topic: All About Me	Only One You	Narrative – Familiar Settings	
		Letter to their friend, informal (all about me)	
Autumn 2 Topic: Fire! Fire!	Goldilocks and the Three Bears	Diary entry	
		Narrative – Fairy Tales	
Spring 1 Topic: Fantastic Fabrics	Meerkat Mail	Narrative - Adventure	
		Postcards	
Spring 2 Topic: How Does Your Garden	The Little Gardener	Instructions – (How to plant a seed)	
Grow?		Narrative — Fantasy	
Summer 1 Topic: Plastic Ocean	Somebody Swallowed Stanley	Letter writing – to inform	
		Advertisement	
Summer 2	10 Things I can Do to Help My World	Recount – (of school trip)	
		Explanation (Food chains)	

Genre	Text Features	SPaG Features
Explanation	<ul> <li>Uses title 'How' or 'Why' indicates what I am writing about</li> <li>The opening statement introduces the topic and addresses the reader</li> </ul>	- demarcate most sentences accurately throughout using capital letters, full stops, question marks and exclamation.
	<ul> <li>Uses a series of logical steps explains how or why something happens</li> <li>Has included a diagram</li> </ul>	- Use statement, question and exclamatory sentences
	<ul> <li>This included a diagram</li> <li>Uses a concluding summary or statement relates the subject to the reader</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>use simple organisational devices for example, headings and sub- headings in non-narrative material</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Gives additional information in boxes</li> <li>Uses the present tense</li> <li>Uses conjunctions</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>express time, place and cause using conjunctions [for example, when, before, after, while, so, because]</li> </ul>
	- The glossary explains technical language	<ul> <li>express time, place and cause using adverbs [for example, then, next, soon, therefore]</li> </ul>
		- express time, place and cause using prepositions and prepositional phrases e.g. before dark, during break
Instructions	<ul> <li>read and follow instructions</li> <li>give clear and detailed instructions to a group</li> </ul>	- use prepositional phrases for clarity and detail
	- read, compare and evaluate a range of instructions with	- use of determiners to add clarity
	different organisational structures	- use of simple and compound sentences
	- plan instructions through researching a particular task and	
	organise my ideas	- demarcate most sentences accurately throughout using capital letters,
	<ul> <li>write their own instructions using simple organisational devices and paragraphs</li> </ul>	full stops, question marks and exclamation
	- develop openings and closings that hook the reader	
	<ul> <li>proof read, edit and evaluate own writing</li> </ul>	
Narrative	<ul> <li>The story has an opening, build-up, climax, resolution and ending</li> </ul>	- begin to organising paragraphs around a theme
	<ul> <li>Describe the characters by what they say and do</li> <li>Use paragraphs for each new idea</li> </ul>	- demarcate most sentences throughout using capital letters, full stops, question marks and exclamation.
	<ul> <li>Some chapters end with a 'fiction hook'</li> <li>Use illustrations</li> <li>Use interesting language</li> <li>Use connectives and commas to extend simple sentences</li> </ul>	- express time, place and cause using conjunctions [for example, when, before, after, while, so, because]

Non - Chronological	<ul> <li>Use apostrophes correctly</li> <li>My report describes the way things are</li> <li>The title says what the instructions are for</li> <li>I used correct names in the text</li> <li>I included a list of requirements/equipment at the beginning</li> <li>I used verbs in the imperative</li> <li>I used the present tense</li> <li>I listed all the steps in chronological order</li> <li>I included diagrams/illustrations</li> <li>I used time words</li> <li>I used a helpful layout</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>express time, place and cause using adverbs [for example, then, next, soon, therefore]</li> <li>use the present perfect form of verbs instead of the simple past [for example, He has gone out to play contrasted with He went out to play]</li> <li>expanded noun phrases to describe and specify [for example, the blue butterfly]</li> <li>begin to organising paragraphs around a theme</li> <li>demarcate most sentences accurately throughout using capital letters, full stops, question marks and exclamation.</li> <li>use simple organisational devices for example, headings and sub-headings in non-narrative material</li> <li>express time, place and cause using conjunctions [for example, when, before, after, while, so, because]</li> </ul>
		express time, place and cause using adverbs [for example, then, next, soon, therefore]
Persuasive	<ul> <li>I supported my arguments with reasons and factual evidence</li> <li>Begin to use conjunctions to link arguments in paragraphs</li> <li>I used some/all of the following persuasive devices:</li> <li>emotive language</li> <li>rhetorical questions</li> <li>daring the reader to disagree</li> <li>use of pictures to persuade</li> <li>Evaluate advertisements and their impact.</li> </ul>	begin to organising paragraphs around a theme use simple organisational devices for example, headings and sub-headings in non-narrative material demarcate most sentences accurately throughout using capital letters, full stops, question marks and exclamation.
Poetry	<ul> <li>I was inspired by the poem</li> <li>I have kept to a rhyme pattern using sensible rhymes</li> <li>My verbs are powerful</li> <li>My adjectives are strong</li> <li>I used alliteration</li> <li>I used similes</li> </ul>	demarcate most sentences accurately throughout using capital letters, full stops, question marks and exclamation. use of verbs and adjectives

Recount	<ul> <li>My recount includes an introduction</li> <li>I included fronted adverbials</li> </ul>	begin to organise paragraphs around a theme
	- I included illustrations (if helpful)	demarcate sentences accurately throughout using capital letters, full stops,
	- I included essential words	question marks and exclamation.
	<ul> <li>I used the past tense</li> <li>I made the right choice of vocabulary and sentences</li> <li>I showed chronological order</li> </ul>	Compound sentence, complex sentence
	<ul> <li>I wrote in the 1<sup>st</sup> or 3<sup>rd</sup> person</li> <li>I included a closing statement</li> </ul>	express time, place and cause using conjunctions [for example, when, before, after, while, so, because]
		express time, place and cause using adverbs [for example, then, next, soon, therefore]

### Year 1 and 2 Writing Key Objectives Taken from the National Curriculum Year 1

1	Spell words containing each of the 40+ phonemes taught
2	Spell common exception words
3	Spell the days of the week
4	Name the letters of the alphabet in order
5	Using the spelling rule for adding –s or –es as the plural marker for nouns and the third person singular marker for verbs
6	Using -ing, -ed, -er and -est where no change is needed in the spelling of root words
7	Sit correctly at a table, holding a pencil comfortably and correctly
8	Begin to form lower-case letters in the correct direction, starting and finishing in the right place
9	Form capital letters
10	Form digits 0-9
11	Composing a sentence orally before writing it
12	Sequencing sentences to form short narratives
13	Read their writing aloud clearly enough to be heard by their peers and the teacher.
14	Leaving spaces between words
15	Joining words and joining clauses using "and"

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	Segmenting spoken words into phonemes and representing these by graphemes, spelling many correctly
1	Learning new ways of spelling phonemes for which 1 or more spellings are already known, and learn some words with each spelling, including a few common homophones
2	Learning the possessive apostrophe (singular)
3	Learning to spell more words with contracted forms
4	Add suffixes to spell longer words, including -ment, -ness, -ful, -less, -ly
5	Form lower-case letters of the correct size relative to one another
6	Write capital letters and digits of the correct size, orientation and relationship to one another and to lower-case letters
7	Writing for different purposes
8	Read aloud what they have written with appropriate intonation to make the meaning clear
9	Expanded noun phrases to describe and specify
10	Sentences with different forms: statement, question, exclamation, command
11	The present and past tenses correctly and consistently including the progressive form
12	Subordination (using when, if, that, or because) and co-ordination (using or, and, or but)
13	Learning how to use both familiar and new punctuation correctly, including full stops, capital letters, exclamation marks, question marks, commas for lists and apostrophes
14	(extended from 14)

## Year 1 and 2 Writing Key Objectives

#### Summarised form

#### Year 1

1	Spell words using the standard phonemes
2	Spell common exception words
3	Spell the days of the week
4	Name the letters of the alphabet in order
5	Understand spelling rules for adding 's'
6	Use suffixes -ing, -ed, -er and -est
7	Sit and hold writing implement correctly
8	Begin to form lower-case letters correctly
9	Form capital letters
10	Form digits 0-9
11	Compose a sentence orally before writing
12	Sequence sentences to form short narratives
13	Read writing aloud audibly and clearly
14	Leave spaces between words
15	Join words and clauses using 'and'

## Year 2

1	Break words into phonemes for spelling
2	Know some spellings which use variations of standard phonemes
3	Use the possessive apostrophe
4	Spell some words with contracted forms
5	Use suffixes to spell longer words, including -ment, -ness, -less, -ful, -ly
6	Form lower-case letters of the correct size relative to one another
7	Write capital letters of appropriate size
8	Write for different purposes
9	Read aloud using appropriate intonation
10	Use noun phrases
11	Use four main types of sentence appropriately
12	Use present and past tense correctly
13	Use some coordinating and subordinating conjunctions
14	Use appropriate demarcation punctuation
15	Use commas for lists